

Public printing recommendation

Coex 3D Standard Carbon Filled PLA CF Black

MaterialID MAT0268



3DP Iceland Labs
Generated with 3DP Iceland Engineering Platform v70.0.4
DIRECT-IMPACT-METHODOLOGY - Izod and Charpy
Methodology
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Guidance boundary: values below are shared base-material guidance resolved only through the canonical BaseMaterialId link. They are not manufacturer-, spool- or printer-specific validated settings. Missing fields remain Not recorded.

Overall
49/100

Engineering axes
7/8

Public rank
16 / 80

MSRP USD/kg
0.22

Engineering profile



Recommended applications

- Rigid brackets, fixtures and shape-stable prototypes
- Repeatable print jobs and production-style batches
- Cosmetic parts, concept models or low-load prototypes
- Avoid high tensile load applications

Measured strengths

- Consistency: 77/100. Repeatability is one of the stronger signals in this material profile.
- Stiffness: 100/100. Stiffness is a relative advantage in this comparison group.

- Avoid high impact components

Limitations

- Tensile: 32/100. Avoid using this as the primary choice for tensile-loaded parts.
- Izod/Charpy impact family: 8/100. Validate impact or shock-loaded components against their application requirements.
- Layer adhesion: 30/100. Z-axis performance should be treated with caution.

Engineering trade-offs

- Good repeatability does not compensate for low tensile capability in load-bearing designs.
- Stiffness is useful for shape stability, but impact tolerance is a separate limitation.
- The report should be read as a suitability warning rather than a general-purpose recommendation.

Base-material printing guidance

Guidance	Minimum	Recommended	Maximum	Unit
Nozzle temperature	195	230	230	°C
Bed temperature	60	60	70	°C
Print speed	55	165	165	mm/s
Cooling	20	80	85	%
Guidance	Value			Unit
Cooling guidance	High			
Drying temperature	50			°C
Drying time	5			hours
Enclosure	Not required			
Printer / G-code reference	PrusaCoreOneL			
Slicer profile reference	Prusament PLA			

Print workflow checks

- Confirm nozzle temperature, bed temperature, speed, cooling and drying requirements from the manufacturer profile or spool label.
- Print a small validation part before committing to a long, costly or safety-relevant print.

- Orient the part so the governing load does not rely on an unverified or weak engineering axis.
- Reinforced filament: confirm an abrasion-resistant nozzle and manufacturer drying/storage requirements.
- Layer-adhesion evidence is weak; avoid critical Z-axis loading without additional validation.

Decision guidance

- Use this material mainly for low-load, visual or experimental parts.
- Review the listed alternatives if the application needs stronger overall performance.
- Do not choose it as a tensile-strength benchmark material.
- Validate impact-focused or shock-loaded designs against the measured Izod/Charpy results.

Stronger same-family alternatives

MaterialID	Material	Manufacturer	Overall	Tensile	Impact	Izod	Charpy
MAT0265	Coex 3D Standard Scarlet Red PLA Red	Coex 3D	58/100	39/100	—	n/a	n/a
MAT0118	Prusa3D Prusament Azure Blue PLA Blue	Prusa3D	55/100	36/100	—	n/a	n/a
MAT0112	Prusa3D Prusament Galaxy Black PLA Black	Prusa3D	52/100	38/100	—	n/a	n/a

Confirm exact settings against the manufacturer profile, spool label and actual printer/material combination. Results do not replace application-specific validation.

[Testing methodology](#) · [Download PDF](#)

Izod and Charpy Impact Strength

Charpy Impact Strength · 2026-09-28
Instrument readings in kJ/m²
Mean 7.664 kJ/m²; Std. Dev 2.03 kJ/m²; CV 26.494%; Samples 10; Confidence 10
No break 0; invalid 0; excluded 0.
Comparative measurements; standard conformity unverified.

Izod Impact Strength · 2026-09-29
Instrument readings in kJ/m²
Mean 5.197 kJ/m²; Std. Dev 0.4 kJ/m²; CV 7.707%; Samples 8; Confidence 8
No break 0; invalid 0; excluded 0.
Comparative measurements; standard conformity unverified.

Score policy engineering-score-v70-1: Overall requires tensile, stiffness, consistency, layer adhesion and the Izod/Charpy impact family, each with equal weight. Both impact methods and configured versioned references are required. Missing results and unconfigured scores remain n/a. Legacy Impact is historical only; thermal remains separate. Engineering-axis counts describe displayed evidence, not Overall completeness.